The Pittsburgh Gazette

Vol. XVI. *Friday Evening*, August 14, 1801. No. 780

PITTSBURGH: PRINTED BY JOHN SCULL, IN FRONT STREET, NEXT DOOR TO THE CORNER OF MARKET-STREET.

GLASS,

A FEW *Boxes and Half Boxes of* 8 *by* 10, *for Sale. Alſo, a handſome aſſortment of* Dry Goods and Groceries, *on very low terms, as uſual, by*

Jeremiah Barker & Co.

Pittſburgh, Auguſt 5, 1801.

N. B. They ſtill continue to keep an elegant aſſortment of MILL and CROSS CUT SAWS of the beſt quality.

JAMES BERTHOUD,

WATER STREET,

Near HENDERSON'S FERRY,

Has juſt received, and for ſale, *Wholeſale* and *Retail*, a general aſſortment of

DRY GOODS,

ſuch as

FINE and coarſe muſlins of every kind
Chintzes
Silks
Coloured crapes
Silk and muſlin ſhawls
Silk and cotton ſtockings
Silk ribbons
Hair ditto
Marſeilles
Dimities
Durants and Calimancoes
Ginghams
Caſſimers
German, French, and Iriſh linen
Bed ticking
Striped nankeens
Flanells
Checks
Diaper, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Silver Watches, Hardware and Groceries.

Pittſburgh, July 23, 1801. tf.

Three Hundred Acres of Land,

FOR SALE,

SITUATE *on the waters of French creek, ſeith in two miles of the Town of Waterford, on the ſtate road leading from that place to Meadville. The ſurvey contains* 400 *acres, with the uſual allowance for roads, &c.—*100 *acres of which has been run off to a ſettler who is reſiding thereon.— The Land in point of richneſs of ſoil is inferior to but very few tracts in Erie county. There is on ſaid tract between nine and ten acres of excellent timothy meadow under good fence. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe will be ſhewn the premiſes, and may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcriber living in Waterford.*

James Naylor.

July 23, 1801.

TO BE SOLD,

ON *the Premiſes, on Saturday the* 5*th of September next, ſo much of a* TRACT OF LAND, *lying in Moon township, in the county of Allegheny, late the property of George Jupiter, deceaſed, containing* 200 *acres, adjoining lands of Iſaac Juſtice, William Thompſon, and others, as is included within the dotted lines and four other lines of the draft of the ſaid Tract of Land, purſuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of the ſaid county of Allegheny, for the diſcharge of the debts of the decedent. Of this, ſix copies to be ſet up in ſix of the moſt public places of the county ſix weeks before, and to be publiſhed in the Pittſburgh Gazette the three Fridays preceding the day of ſale.— When and where attendance will be given by the Adminiſtrator.*

By order of the Orphans' Court, 22d of June, 1801.

T. BATES, Clerk.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED on the evening of the 20th inſt. *HENRY FRY*, a Corporal, belonging to the 2d Regiment Artilleriſts and Engineers.— He was born in Germany, is about 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches in height, has ſhort brown hair, grey eyes, fair complexion, and is by trade a taylor. He ſpeaks very low, and ſeldom without a ſmile—he dreſſes remarkably neat, and took with a round hat, a ſhort linnen jacket with ſleeves, two dimity veſts and one or two pair of dimity overalls. Whoever apprehends the above deſerter and ſecures him in any jail, or will deliver him to any officer of the United States, ſhall have the above reward and all reaſonable charges.

JAMES READ,
Captain Commanding,

Fort Fayette, Pittſburgh, }
July 23, 1801. }

Stray Hogs.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living on Broadhead's Road, about ten miles from Beaver town, on the 1ſt of June, ſeven HOGS, two of them ſows, and five ſhoats, one of them has a bell on, marked with a ſwallow fork in the right ear, and a ſlit in the left. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

SARAH GREEN.

June 3, 1801.

At a meeting of the Pittſburgh *Troop of Light Dragoons, on Saturday the* 1ſt *inſt. it was unanimouſly agreed, that the Troop ſhould meet on Saturday the* 15*th inſtant, at John Reed's, at three o'clock in the afternoon. The members are requeſted to be punctual in their attendance, as buſineſs of importance will be laid before them.*

ROBERT SIMPSON, Lieut.

Pittſburgh, Auguſt 6, 1801.

N. B It is not expected they will be in uniform.

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED *on the evening of the* 28*th inſtant, from the encampment near Pittſburgh,* BENJAMIN STILES, *a Corporal belonging to Capt. Lyman's company, of the* 2*d Regt. of Infantry. He was born at Hollis, in the county of Hilſborough, ſtate of New Hampſhire, aged* 24 *years,* 6 *feet one inch in height, blue eyes, light hair and fair complexion; he took with him a round hat, nankeen jacket with ſleeves, one pair of nankeen overalls, and his regimental under clothes. The ſaid Stiles was enliſted by Lieut. Renick, at Weſtminſter, in the ſtate of Vermont. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid Deſerters, and will deliver him to any Officer of the United States, ſhall receive the above reward and all reaſonable charges.*

JAMES READ,
Captain Commanding.

Fort Fayette, July 30, 1801.

WILLIAM CECIL,

At his Houſe in Liberty Street, near the Market Houſe,

MAKES and ſells all kinds of Ladies Buckſkin and Pluſh Saddles, Gentlemens' Plain, Burr, Spring and Inlaid Saddles, and Bridles of all deſcriptions, Saddle bags, Portmanteus, Valeces, Travelling Canteens, Holſters, Light Horſe Cups, Fire Buckets, and every thing in the Saddlery line done in the neateſt and moſt faſhionable manner, and on the ſhorteſt notice. He alſo makes Mattraſſes of the beſt quality, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

All kinds of Country Produce will be taken in payment for any of the above articles.

Pittſburgh, March 18, 1801.

The higheſt prices will be given for Cow Taile, and Horſe Hair. Apply as above.

SAMPSON the SECOND!

From a Boſton paper.

Mr. WILLIAM DOWST, who lately died at Salem, was a man of uncommon ſize and ſtrength. He was nearly 7 feet high, and weighed 300 weight. The following inſtances will prove his great degree of ſtrength:—He was on board a privateer, laſt war, which got among the breakers off Cape Breton; when it became neceſſary immediately to caſt anchor; but there being none upon deck, as many hands laid hold of one which was in the hold as could get at it, but could not ſtart it; Dowſt puſhed them aſide, ſeized it himſelf, brought it upon deck, carried it forward and held it upon the timber heads while a cable was bent to it, when he threw it over, and ſaved the veſſel and lives of the crew, as they were then upon the point of daſhing upon the rocks; the anchor weiged 700 weight. At another time, eight or ten hands were ſent to Becket's ſhip-yard from the well known privateer ſhip Grand Turk, to bring up a fore-yard for the ſhip; Dowſt was among them, but, naturally dilatory, he did not at firſt take hold; the others ſhouldered it, but began to ſtagger under it, and complained that there were not enough to carry it, Dowſt, laughing at them, told them he could carry it alone; on which they threw it down, and he took it up, and carried it to the ſhip, without aſſiſtance. At another time, when he attended the fiſh flakes at Windmill Point, he was directed by his employer to go for a Jackaſs which was in an adjoining field; when Dowſt got him to the partition fence, being in rather lazy mood, to ſave himſelf the trouble of letting down the bars, he took the beaſt and lifted him over, and then got upon his back and rode him to the place where he was to be employed. He once raiſed from the ground the anchor of the prize ſhip Roehampton, which weighed 1700, and which four men had immediately before endeavored in vain to lift, upon a bet. Being at Bilboa, laſt war, in a privateer, an Engliſh veſſel came in, which had in its crew a profeſſed bully, who was challenging every one to combat, and hearing of Dowſt, ſent a particular challenge to him: they met, and the Engliſhman, who was ſuperior to our Sampſon in the art of boxing, knocked him down three times, and the laſt time twiſted his fingers into his hair, to gouge him. when Dowſt gave him a blow upon his arm which broke it, and with another blow he broke in three of the bully's ribs, who it was ſaid died of his wounds. Dowſt, with his amazing ſtrength was remarkably good natured, and tender-h

his feelings, rather of an indolent habit: but when he was roused to anger or exertion, his efforts were irreſiſtable. He enjoyed through life, a large ſhare of health. For three months previous to his death, he had been afflicted with the dropſy, but appeared to have conſiderably recovered, and the laſt day of his life he walked abroad the greater part of the day, according to his uſual habit; but the next morning his wife found him dead in the bed!

FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

"Every difference of opinion, is not a difference of principle." Jefferſon.

TO THE PUBLIC,

On Electioneering, a plain Narrative of Facts.

HAVING private buſineſs to tranſact on Big Beaver, in April laſt, I happened to converſe with ſome influential characters, in that quarter, whom I knew from a long acquaintance to be ſtaunch whigs, and true republicans; and found, that they were oppoſed to the mode of forming a ticket by delegates from townſhips. Their objections were ſo forcible, that I found no reaſon to ſupport the ſyſtem. "It was a mark," ſaid they, "to cover the intrigues of deſigning men—a groſs impoſition on the *people*; and that it had been tried by the republican party in Waſhington county, but ſoon became reprobated, having given offence to the *people*, as not only unfair, but unneceſſary, a day being preſcribed by law, on which day, they conſidered themſelves duly called upon, to come forward as FREEMEN, unbiaſſed by party, untrammelled by intrigue, to give their ſuffrages to ſuch characters, as they might, *on that day*, deem the moſt worthy of truſt."

On my arrival from *Beaver*, I communicated to Mr. Gazzam, who was conſtantly in my confidence, with openneſs and candour, my doubts reſpecting the propriety of forming a ticket in the manner propoſed; that great and weighty objections were made to it on *Beaver*; and that if delegates were ſent forward, as on ſome occaſions heretofore, without full townſhip meetings, that is, by conſent of the *bulk* of the *people*, it would tend eventually to offend them, and bring the republican party into diſrepute. Mr. Gazzam, as well as ſome others, to whom I mentioned the circumſtance, differed with me in opinion; but their reaſons were ſo *ſmall*, that they only tended to make a deeper impreſſion on my mind of the impropriety of the meaſure. June term approaching, the time allotted for the *conclave*, or what they called the *committee* to meet, the arguments I had heard at *Beaver*, became more and more realized. Democratic patriots, were ſcampering and pricking up their nags, from one end of the county to the other, to bring forward ſuch characters as would ſuit their ſeveral purpoſes. At laſt, I diſcovered, that the *people* were not ſuppoſed to have any thing to do in the buſineſs. The whole was to be done in the *Breſlaw** ſtile, in the *hocus pocus* manner of jugglers. Certificates of admiſſion were to be ſigned by two or three reputable characters in each townſhip, that were in the *ſecret*, and had their quere. "That *Tom, Dick* and *Harry*, were ſent forward by the *people*," when at the ſame time, not one man in fifty, knew any thing at all of the buſineſs.

In the mean time, Mr. John Lucas called on me, in his way to Mr. Ewalt's. It was on a Sunday afternoon, and Mr. Ewalt and his family being at church in town, Mr. Lucas ſoon returned; and tarried with me a few hours.— "Don't you think it would be proper," ſays Mr. Lucas, "for delegates from this county, to meet delegates from the county of Waſhington, in order to fix upon a republican character for Congreſs, and to endeavour to point out the propriety of allowing one to go from Allegheny county, the enſuing fall? concluding, that altho' we could ſend but a reſpectable *republican* character, it made little difference to him, who the character was." I replied, "that it might do, if the meeting was countenanced by the *people*, and met with their approbation; but in this I expreſſed my doubts, as I underſtood when at Waſhington laſt court, that Mr. *Weaver* was ſpoke of by Greene county, and Mr. *William Hoge*, by the county of Waſhington, and in courſe, ſuch an attempt, I conceived, would naturally fall to the ground." "Have you heard," ſays Mr. Lucas, "no perſon's name mentioned, as a proper character to repreſent the diſtrict from this county?" I replied, I had. "Mr. Ewalt and myſelf," ſays I, "meeting accidentally a few days ſince, at Mr. Gazzam's, and being alone, ſome converſation enſued on the ſubject." "Yes," ſays Mr. Lucas, "what was Mr. Gazzam's opinion; who was his choice?" "Mr. Gazzam," ſays I, "mentioned you, Mr. Lucas. Mr. Ewalt, ſeemed however, to differ in opinion with Mr. Gazzam, and ſaid he thought there was another gentleman better entitled." "Who is that, ſaid Mr. Gazzam?" "The gentleman is preſent replied, Mr. Ewalt, it is General Fowler." "Ah, yea, very well, ſays Mr. Lucas, that will do." Mr. Lucas invited me to dine with him the enſuing Sunday. Mr. Ewalt hearing that Mr. Lucas had called at his houſe, called on me in a day or two, to know his buſineſs, and we agreed to go together, and accordingly waited on Mr. Lucas the Sunday following. The converſation was ſoon reſumed on the ſubject of delegates, committees, &c. I expreſſed my doubts, nearly as I can remember, in the ſame words I did to Mr. Gazzam. I don't remember that Mr. Ewalt ſaid much on the ſubject; but this I remember well (for it made an impreſſion on my mind that will not ſoon be removed) that Mr. Lucas, on my differing with him in *opinion*, waxed very warm, and got very petulant; inſomuch, that Madam Lucas, politely took notice of her huſband's warmth, in the following laconick, but ſignificant manner, Monſieur Lucas!!! I fell into Mr. Lucas's views, and made no reply to his petulance. However, he concluded with obſerving, that I would even be in the ſame ſituation, of a French gentleman who had lately deſcended the river [illegible] by his conduct in France *was loſt*. [illegible] it ſo," ſays he, "[illegible] part of a man of honour," and if I ſhould [illegible] *alone*, it was [illegible] that predicament [illegible] and I appeal to Major Ewalt for the truth of the narrative. I pretend not to ſay, that I have expreſſed the preciſe words; but this I will aver, that I have repeated language of the ſame im[illegible] port.

In a day or two, ſubſequent to the above circumſtance, riding to town, I met my neighbour and friend Andrew Watſon, Eſquire, at his gate, who ſignified to me, that [illegible] was in circulation, or taken up [illegible] him, that I was perfectly ignorant of the circumſtance, and aſked him how the report originated, and from whom he had it? To the beſt of my recollection, I think he told me, that he heard it from Mr. Crane. Dining with General John Nevill the day following, during dinner he obſerved to me, "General Fowler we are determined to ſend you to Congreſs." I hoped I would ſucceed, and declared in an affectionate ſhake by the hand, that I ſhould have his intereſt." I then told the General, that Mr. Watſon had mentioned the circumſtance to me yeſterday; expreſſed my ſurpriſe at the federal party † thinking of ſo humble and retired man as I was for that office, and *peculiarly* obſerved, that it might be the means of injuring my republican popularity in *Clapboard Row*. "It can only do it with *fools* or *knaves*, replied the General, for there is no man that knows you as well as I do, will ever entertain a doubt of your *republicaniſm*." But ſays I, from whom did you hear the report? I think Gen. Nevill replied, it was from Mr. *Bates*, the prothonotary; from whom he underſtood, that Mr. *Briſ* had called a meeting of the people in his neighbourhood, by whom I had been unanimouſly nominated.

My unfortunate, but worthy friend, Colonel William Semple, being in town, I underſtood from him, that my name was mentioned as a member for Congreſs in his neighbourhood [illegible] Sewickly, on Saturday the 6th of June, at that he had on the occaſion written an *ar* reſpecting my republican principles, which [illegible] pened at Philadelphia in the year 17[illegible] aſked me if I had ſeen it, expecting that it [illegible] forwarded to the Gazette. I aſked Col. Semple what it was he had written, as I had obſerved nothing in the papers that concerned me. He mentioned the circumſtance, which he had frequently done before, with ſuch rapture, as convinced me, that the ſentiment, ſimple as it was, had made a deep impreſſion on his mind. I aſked Mr Semple by whom, or what means my name had been brought forward in that quarter? But to this interrogatory he could give no anſwer; but ſo it was.

As ſoon as the circumſtance was mentioned to me by Mr. Watſon and General Nevill, I communicated the tidings to Mr. Gazzam; and as the great object with him, and the republicans generally was to have a *republican* character ſent to Congreſs, I vainly expected, as Gen. Nevill did, that no reaſonable, diſintereſted man, could entertain a doubt of my *republicaniſm*. On this occaſion, Mr. Gazzam appeared for ſome time to be between *hawk* and *buzzard*. After ſome ſpace —— "do you think, ſays he, that

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* *Breſlaw was a Pruſſian, famous for ſlight of hand, and performed before the royal family of England, as well as moſt of the crowned heads of Europe.*

† *A ſquare in the main ſtreet in Pittſburgh where all the* modeſt, *and* wiſe men of the *reſides.*

‡ *Many of whom were conſtantly my warm ſteady friends, except in* politics; *and having beat in a fair and well fought battle on both ſ were ſuch* veterans *not to be allowed to march of the* citadel of ARISTOCRACY *with ſhoulder arms? Yea, and with colours flying and drums beating too—for they are* "all republicans—all deralitts." *We differ in opinion only—and* "every difference of opinion, is not a difference of principle." *For what reaſon then ſhould General Fowler again aſſociate with this deſerter of his fellow citizens, and accept of their friendſhip and ſupport? No good reaſon can be given, that it operates againſt the views of a few intriguing political* jugglers *in Clapboard Row, who to govern this country by ſophiſtry and cunning packing committees, &c. to form a ticket thereby ſtamp a falſe impreſſion upon the minds the people, which has long ſince been diſcarded and totally exploded.*

‖ *This anecdote was printed by Mr. Semple peremptorily refuſed a place in the Tree o[illegible]*